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All kinds of Photographs
Work done in latest styles
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Amateurs a Speciality
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Tel. 254.

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

"KWIKLITE"
ELECTRIC TORCHES
Superior quality
New Stocks
Prices \$2.00 up
ALEX. BROS. & CO.
Phone 1457.

No 17,315.

號六十月一十年八十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.

午戌大歲年七國民華中

PRICE \$5.00 Per Month.

NOTICE

ANY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person at the
Central Police Station between the hours
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms
of Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.**
WHICH ARE THE LEASERS OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUND AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914.
—Authorized Capital \$4,000,000
—Subscribed Capital \$4,000,000
—Paid-up Capital \$2,487,500
—Profit and Loss Account 3,837,047
—Life & Annuity Funds, 17,587,580
—Sinking Fund Account 128,200
\$28,970,387
Revenue Fire Branch \$2,381,456
Life and Annuity 2,141,583
Branches 337,239
Revenue Marine Department 478,940
Other Receipts 478,940
\$5,339,258

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
Agents.**

**PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.**

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 10.0 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
10.0 a.m. to 11.0 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
11.0 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
12.30 p.m. to 1.15 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 2.15 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.15 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
3.15 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.

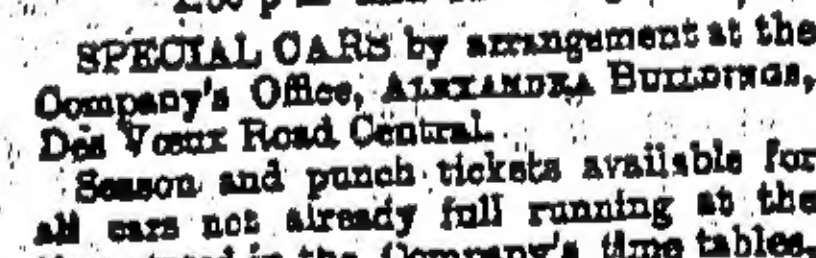
8.50 p.m. to 9.30 p.m.	10 p.m., 11 p.m., 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.
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SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon	Every 10 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.30 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
1.30 p.m. to 1.50 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
1.50 p.m. to 2.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.
SATURDAYS EXTRA CARS.
1.30 p.m. and 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,
Des Voeux Road Central.
Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
time stated in the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, can be obtained
on application at the Company's Office.
No Season ticket will be issued until
payment therefor has been made in Bank
Notes or by Cheque or Comproadors order
representing Bank Note.
**JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.**

METEOR GARAGE


Sole distributors of
MAXWELL CARS.
Automobiles for Hire and
for Sale
at reasonable Price
Phone 2500.
65, Des Voeux Road
Central.

METEOR GARAGE


Sole distributors of
MAXWELL CARS.
Automobiles for Hire and
for Sale
at reasonable Price
Phone 2500.
65, Des Voeux Road
Central.

TANG YUE DENTIST, successor of
the late SIK YING
116, D'ARCY STREET.
HERN VERT MODERNIST
Cosmetician

BUSINESS NOTICES.
W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
KOWLOON BAY.
Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO
STEAMERS.**

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT
CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.
Sailings—To Canton daily at 9 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 9 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
Sailings—S.S. "SUI AN" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays & P.m.)
S.S. "SUI AN" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays & P.m.)
S.S. "SUI TAI" from Hongkong at 9 p.m. and from Macao at
7.30 a.m. are suspended.

Further information may be obtained at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, Hotel Mansions,
or from Messrs. Tsoo, Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

**THE BEST PREVENTATIVE OF
INFECTIOUS AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES**

**WATSON'S
HYGIENOL**
A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED AND PERFECTLY SAFE
DISINFECTANT.

SOLD ONLY BY
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
TELEPHONE No. 16.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL
AND
GRILL ROOM**

**J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER**

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR.

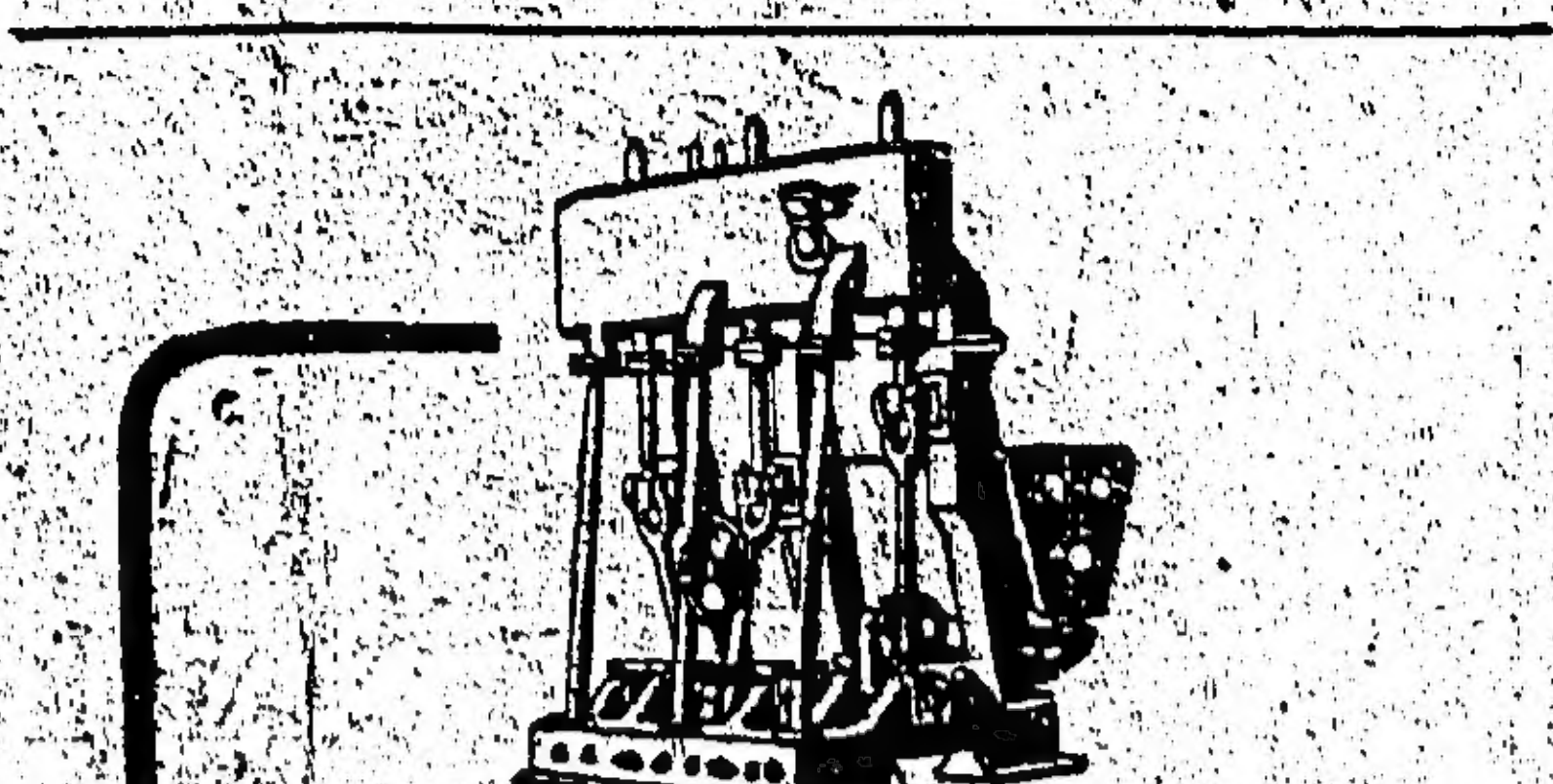
PALACE HOTEL.

KOWLOON.
(Two minutes from Star Ferry).
Recently renovated and refurnished, electric light and fans throughout
and entirely under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision
of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to
families on application to—
Telephone K. 3.
Telegraphic Address: "Palace"
**J. H. OXBERRY,
Proprietor.**

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY)
ION HOUSE STREET.
Under American Management.
Nice and quiet, only a few minutes' walk from the "Star" and "Central"
Districts. 43 Bedrooms, excellent Cuisine, Complimentary Glass, Landmarks, Central
District, and Terms Moderate. Telephone 1111.
Telegraphic Address: "CARLTON"
THE CARLTON HOTEL.

BUSINESS NOTICES


TAIKOO DOCKYARD.
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—
AGENTS:
—TELEPHONE 1100—
—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE—
—TELEPHONE 1100—

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.
PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
GENERAL MANAGERS

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., LD.
Established 1883
MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 1" to 15"	CABLE LAYED 6" to 15"	4 STRAND 3" to 10"
---------------------	--------------------------	-----------------------

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.
Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, April 11, 1918.


**MACARONI, PASTE STARS,
EGG NOODLES, VERMICELLI,
AND ALL KINDS OF SOUP STUFFS.**

ALL our Macaroni, the "Booster" label and are made from Flour of the Best
Quality containing a large percentage of Gluten. Starch and Gluten are the
principal components of Flour. Gluten is easier to digest and contains more
nutriment than starch. It is manufactured under the most sanitary conditions.
Large quantities have been exported to various important cities in the World.
Terms moderate. Apply to Agents. Orders executed promptly.

THE HING WAH PASTE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
Head Office: No. 47 and 48, Connaught Road, Central, Hongkong; Telephone 1235.
Principal Factory: No. 7, North Soochow Road, Shanghai, China; Telephone 3335.
Branch Factory: Wing Hing Street, Causeway Bay, Hongkong.
Cable Address: "HINGWAH"

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

Sole Distributors for the Famous


BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.
TELEPHONE 182
COME AND INSPECT

H. HING & CO.
LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS
THE SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS CO., LTD.
HONGKONG

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Route's Service to the China Mail.)

THE ARMISTICE.
FULFILLING ITS CONDITIONS.

Paris, Nov. 14.
A period of five days has been
allowed the enemy to hand over to
the French troops the armament and
material of all kinds stipulated in
the Armistice.
The French Army will begin the
occupation of territories as the Ger-
man evacuation proceeds.—Havas.

SITUATION IN GERMANY.

Lyons, Nov. 15.
A message from Berlin states that
it is difficult to obtain an assured
judgment upon the situation in Ger-
many. Nevertheless, it is note-
worthy that all the officials of the
old regime are still functioning, in-
cluding the personnel of the Govern-
ment. Properly speaking, Dr. Solf
continues to sign the Notes sent to
the Allies, General von Scheuch,
War Minister, remains at his post,
and General Hindenburg retains
Command.
The Directors of the Banks in the
Empire continue to function.—
French Wireless.

REQUISITIONING IN GERMANY.

Paris, Nov. 14.
Leading business men in France
demand the appointment of 20
officers, who are business specialists,
for the purpose of carrying out re-
quisitions in Germany, having the
same power of seizure as German
officers arrogated in France.—Havas.

**PRUSSIAN CROWN PROPERTY
CONFISCATED.**

London, Nov. 14.
A wireless German official message
says:
The new Prussian Government has
issued a proclamation confiscating
entailed property of the Prussian
Crown, placing it under the adminis-
tration of the Ministry of Finance.
Unentailed property which is per-
sonal to the King and the Royal
Family is unaffected.

**SUCCESS ASSURED GERMAN
PEOPLE.**

Lyons, Nov. 15.
President Wilson has given fresh
assurances to the German people
promising to relieve their distress,
but he demands assurances that
public order will be maintained.—
French Wireless.

THE KAISER.

DEMAND FOR HIS TRIAL.

Paris, Nov. 14.
What to do with the Kaiser is the
question most keenly debated in
Paris. The French Press demands
that the Kaiser be placed on trial
by the free peoples for the murder
of 20,000,000 men and for the
ravaging of towns. No agreeable re-
quirement should be allowed.—Havas.

NAVAL NEGOTIATIONS.

**GERMAN PLENIPOTENTIARIES
PUT TO SEA.**

London, Nov. 14.
The light cruiser *Koenigsberg* put
to sea on Wednesday with plenip-
otentiaries of the Workmen's and
Soldiers' Council of the Fleet to
meet the British Admiralty's rep-
resentatives. Admiral von Hipper,
Chief of the High Seas fleet, partici-
pated in the negotiations as expert
advice on the situation of the
Naval conditions of the Armistice.

RE-EMPLOYMENT OF SOLDIERS.

Paris, Nov. 14.
A Bill has been adopted by the
Chamber for the re-employment of
soldiers. It provides that the
Government shall take measures to
facilitate the re-employment of
soldiers in the various branches of
the economy.

**BRITAIN CONGRATULATES
FRANCE.**

Paris, Nov. 14.
Lord Derby, the British Ambas-
sador, has congratulated France on
behalf of the British Government.
England, he said, would always be
grateful to France for what France
had done and both countries would
remain closely united after the war.
—Havas.

**THE ALLIED SQUADRONS AT
CONSTANTINOPLE.**

Paris, Nov. 14.
The Allied Naval Squadrons reach-
ed Constantinople yesterday. The
French Second Squadron was com-
manded by Admiral Amet, whose
flag was hoisted on the battleship
Diderot.—Havas.

**THE FRENCH WARSHIPS *Diderot*,
Albatros, *Terranova*, *Justice*, *Jules
Michel*, *Ernest Renan* and six des-
troysers have arrived at Constanti-
nople.—French Wireless.**

**YOUNG TURK NOTABLES TAKE
FLIGHT.**

Lyons, Nov. 15.
According to news from Constanti-
nople, the leaders of the Young
Turk Committee, notably Enver
Pasha, Talaat Pasha and Djemal
Pasha, have fled.
All three are accused of the em-
bezzlement of public funds.—French
Wireless.

**PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES IN
SWITZERLAND.**

Berne, Nov. 14.
The National Council by 138 votes
to 15 approved the Federal Coun-
cil's military and other precau-
tionary measures.

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, Nov. 13.
Silver is 48d. due to lower war
risk rates. The market is steady.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GERMAN REVOLUTION.

THE CROWN PRINCE.

London, Nov. 14.
The Crown Prince's fate is still a
mystery. Telegrams now state that
he arrived at Eysden on Tuesday and
was conveyed to the Maestricht residence
of the Governor of Limburg.

PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA.

A patrol found Prince Henry of
Prussia at Duke Frederick Ferdinand's
castle at Ekenforde. He declared his
adhesion to the revolution.

BRUNSWICK A REPUBLIC.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 14.
A Berlin message reports that a
republic has been proclaimed by the
Brunswick Soldiers' Council and a Red
Guard was established.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

The Peoples' Commission at Berlin
have issued a proclamation, promising
universal suffrage to all men and women
over 20 years of age.

**PRESIDENT WILSON PROMISES
FOOD SUPPLIES.**

In reply to Herr Ebert's appeal,
President Wilson has sent a reassuring
message to the people of Germany
promising aid in food supplies and relief
for the distressing war. He asks
assurances that public order will be
maintained in Germany and for the
equitable distribution of the food to be
guaranteed.

**A RISING AGAINST THE GERMAN
IN RUSSIA.**

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 14.
The German authorities in Ger-
many have been informed that a
rising has broken out in Russia.
The rising is said to be a result of
the German occupation of the Baltic
provinces.

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day started Business as a FREIGHT, SHARE and GENERAL BROKER.

Top Floor, York Building.

Phone 1993.

A. A. ALVES.

Hongkong, Nov. 14, 1918. 993

In the Goods of EDWARD JONES formerly of Hongkong and late of 19 Willow Bank Road, Birkenhead, in the County of Chester, England, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 55 of the Probates Ordinance 1897 (No. 2 of 1897) made an Order limiting the time for Creditors and others within this Colony to send in their Claims to or against the above Estate to the 11th day of December, 1918.

Creditors and Claimants are hereby required to send their Claims to the undersigned by that time.

Dated the 14th day of November, 1918. JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER, Solicitors for the Executors of the Estate of the above named deceased, Hongkong. 994

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STOCK EXCHANGE will be CLOSED until MONDAY, the 18th instant.

By Order of the Committee.

E. M. RAYMOND, Secretary.

Hongkong, Nov. 14, 1918. 991

FOR SALE.

GALESEND, 109 The Peak, Six Rooms, Grass Tennis Court, immediate possession.

Apply—C. H. GALE,

Public Works Department.

Hongkong, Nov. 12, 1918. 921

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

CHEESE!

CHEESE!!

CHEESE!!!

Adds variety to your diet and is Healthful Food.

American Cheese. Cottage Cheese. French "Picnic". Colomier "Potato".

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location

ALL Electric Trams Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Bath and Sanitary Fixings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout. Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373

Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA." J. WITCHELL, Manager.

VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.

244 Des Voeux Road Central

Telephone No. 2087.

We guarantee the quality of our Bread and Cakes. We use the highest grade of materials in their Manufacture. 357

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON.

15, Morrison Hill Road.

MARTIN'S APIOL-STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irrregularities. Thousands of Ladies every year in the East and West have been cured of all their troubles by the use of this simple and effective medicine. It is a French Preparation, and is entirely safe. It is a French Preparation, and is entirely safe. It is a French Preparation, and is entirely safe.

MARTIN'S APIOL-STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irrregularities. Thousands of Ladies every year in the East and West have been cured of all their troubles by the use of this simple and effective medicine. It is a French Preparation, and is entirely safe. It is a French Preparation, and is entirely safe. It is a French Preparation, and is entirely safe.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER



OHERRY & CO.

HEADQUARTERS, 100, QUEEN STREET, HONGKONG.

Telephone 1449.

Telegraphic Address: "OHERRY."

Branches: Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Harbin, etc.

INTIMATIONS

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, HONGKONG

Announces a Free Lecture

ON

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

BY

BLISS KNAPP, C.S.B.

AT THE

THEATRE ROYAL.

TUESDAY, November 19th,

at 5.30 p.m. 998

HEATHER DAY.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.

WANTED:—Elephants, Lions, Tigers for the "Zoo"; also Geese, Turkeys, Poultry, Pigeons, Ducks, Rabbits, Dogs, Cats, etc., the latter to be sold.

Communicate with

A. K. TAYLOR, No. 4, Government Quarters, Park Road. 990

NEW MUSIC.

"A WONDERFUL THING"

"LEAVE IT TO JANE"

"IT'S A BIRD"

"MORE CANDY"

"CHERRY BLOSSOM"

"I MAY BE GONE"

Etc., Etc.

THE ANDERSON

MUSIC CO., LTD.

TEL. 1322

PATELL & CO.

ORIENTAL PRODUCE

EXPORTERS,

SILK MERCHANTS,

COMMISSION AGENTS.

Agencies in

NEW YORK.

SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.

CANTON.

SHANGHAI.

YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE: KING'S BUILDING, HONGKONG.



KEATING'S LOZENGES cure the worst cough

METALS

of all kinds, especially for shipbuilding and engineering works. Largest and best assorted stock in the colony

SINGON & CO.

(Established A.D. 1880)

HING LUNG ST. Phone 511.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION N° 1

THERAPION N° 2

THERAPION N° 3

THERAPION N° 4

THERAPION N° 5

THERAPION N° 6

THERAPION N° 7

THERAPION N° 8

THERAPION N° 9

THERAPION N° 10

THERAPION N° 11

THERAPION N° 12

THERAPION N° 13

THERAPION N° 14

Get the habit of saying

Golofina

Every time you want a good Smoke.

Sold in

two sizes

'PERFECTOS'

&

'BOUQUETS'

And

obtainable

at all

High-class

TOBACCONISTS.



This advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

THE INFLUENZA.

SIMILARITY WITH INDIAN EPIDEMIC OF 1890.

The Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India has issued the following note:—

It is very unlikely that the epidemic at present afflicting India in common with most other countries in the world is anything other than influenza. No European country has apparently been spared and the disease is at the present time prevailing in an extremely virulent form in South Africa, whence a high mortality rate among both Europeans and natives is being reported. In South Africa as in India secondary pneumonia and lung affections appear to be very prevalent. It is nearly thirty years since an influenza epidemic approaching in magnitude that of the present spread over the world. In the year 1890 India suffered severely, the incidence of the disease being high both in Calcutta and Bombay. In the annual report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1890 we read: "The town of Calcutta was attacked by influenza early in February, and soon after a very large proportion of the inhabitants was disabled by it, as many as 50 per cent. of the inmates of some of the large crowded houses in the native towns being affected with it, while in some cases officers had to be closed as so many of the employees were absent from this cause. The outbreak of 1890 appears to have been strikingly similar to the present epidemic. Thus from the Bengal sanitary report for that year we learn: "This disease, which is believed to have been imported from Europe, spread rapidly in India and was found to be a distinct and well characterized disorder, becoming rapidly infectious. It was ushered in in most cases by high fever and was almost harmless to people in good health and to those whose circumstances permitted them to lie up comfortably during the attack, but highly dangerous and fatal to those who had to expose themselves out of doors in the pursuit of their ordinary avocations. Several cases of consecutive pneumonia came under notice. With care and suitable treatment the disease was brought to a successful termination in most Europeans and well-to-do natives, but amongst the poorer classes and those who had to expose themselves there was a high mortality, pneumonia of the catarrhal variety being the usual cause of the death. There were many cases also of a kind of haemorrhagic catarrh of bronchitis."

variety being the usual cause of the death. There were many cases also of a kind of haemorrhagic catarrh of bronchitis."

The similarity of the present outbreak to that of 1890 has been noted also in Great Britain and Germany. In Europe Pfeiffer's bacillus has been found in only a small percentage of cases. Reports received indicated a similar state of affairs in India. No information is at present forthcoming to explain why this disease, which is rarely completely absent, should from time to time assume the form of such violent outbreaks as the one we are at present experiencing in India. A large amount of literature dealing with the subject has already appeared in the European medical press. Most of this is of an ephemeral kind, but it is sufficient to indicate that serious attention is being given to the subject by research workers in European countries. Investigations are also in progress in India, and we can confidently expect more definite knowledge about this very serious disease in the near future. "The disease is extremely infectious. No one is exempt, though one report from Germany states that people under thirty years of age are more liable to fall victims. This was ascribed to a survival immunity in the older generation, survivors from the last great epidemic. Overcrowding, lack of ventilation, promiscuous coughing, sneezing and spitting all play a very important part in the dissemination of infection. The importance of fresh air and free ventilation as preventive measures cannot be exaggerated. The incubation period of the disease is remarkably short, and rarely exceeds 48 hours. In a disease such as this where close personal contact plays so large a part in the spread of infection, attendance in crowded halls, cinema theatres and such places where people congregate in numbers is attended with very special risk; and it is for consideration whether such meetings should not be prohibited altogether in places where the prevalence of the disease remains high. When attacked rest in bed, light nourishing food and the avoidance of extreme changes of temperature are indicated. To attempt to carry on one's ordinary avocations whilst still in febrile conditions is attended with risk. Quinine, at one time vaunted as a preventive of influenza, is of very doubtful value, he regards anything of the kind and throat with a dilute anti-septic is probably of use, especially to those who are in close attendance upon the sick.

HORRORS OF "CLASS WAR."

LABOUR MINISTER'S PLANS FOR DEMOBILISATION.

Some people seemed to want to get rid of military war in order to prosecute what they called a class war, said Mr. Roberts, Minister of Labour, at Bromley, recently. That was a horrible doctrine. (Cheers.) If it happened our industrial recovery would not only be retarded, but might be made impossible.

He did not wish anyone to be deluded into the belief that we were going to enter into paradise after the war. But there would have to be great changes in industry. No man ought to be allowed to run a business unless he was going to give in return for honest service, wages sufficient to allow him to live a complete life.

Demobilisation would be far more complex than recruiting. He would not have any dealings with a haphazard solution of the problem. He would rather retain the splendid fellows in the Army much longer than they might think necessary than release them to swell the number of the unemployed. They must not be discharged until there was a reasonable assurance that industry was capable of absorbing them and that they could be permanently settled in civil life. The first to be demobilised would be the men whose employers had promised to re-employ them, and there should be preference for married men against single and volunteers against conscripts.

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS

BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,

ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers

High Class English Jewellery

KAIPING COAL

FOR ALL PURPOSES

INDUSTRIAL AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES

FOUNDRY AND SMELTING COKE

FIREBRICK AND FIRECLAY

FOR ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO

DODWELL & CO., LTD., QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG, OR

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.

TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA.



PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS:

"And when you give it, give absolutely all that you can spare, and don't consider yourself liberal in the giving. If you give with self-adulation, you are not giving at all, you are giving to your own vanity; but if you give until it hurts, then your heart-blood goes into it."

It has been said that St. Andrew's Society is allocating too much of the War Bond Drawing receipts to War Charities. Just think for a minute of the War and not of the Drawing; think of the tragedy beyond words which is being enacted on the battle front; think of the vast relief organisation and the money that is needed to uphold it, and think of your own duty in the matter. No, we are not giving too much; we are not giving enough.

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY

WAR BOND DRAWING

31st December, 1918.

TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL BANKS, HOTELS, CLUBS & STORES.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition, Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and W.M.A.

Dock Owners' Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians

ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR.

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:					
NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH	BREADTH	DEPTH	SLIPWAY	SLIPWAY
NO. 1 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 2 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 3 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 4 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 5 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 6 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 7 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 8 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 9 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 10 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 11 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 12 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 13 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 14 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 15 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 16 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 17 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 18 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 19 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10
NO. 20 DOCK	100	20	10	10	10

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight" is a condition of ill health, nerves, and assisting native powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy food building materials.

It is the most effective and reliable remedy for all cases of "Under Weight."

It is the most effective and reliable remedy for all cases of "Under Weight."

It is the most effective and reliable remedy for all cases of "Under Weight."

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It is the most effective and reliable remedy for all cases of "Under Weight."

IS YOUR FACE DISFIGURED

by pimples or blotches? If so, it is a sure sign that

PINKETTES

are needed to see matters right.

When the system is disordered, the blood is impure, and the skin is affected, pimples, blotches, and other eruptions appear. These are the signs of a diseased system, and the only way to get rid of them is to purify the blood.

Pinkettes are a perfect remedy for all cases of impure blood, and they are the only medicine that can be taken without any harm to the system.

They are the only medicine that can be taken without any harm to the system.

They are the only medicine that can be taken without any harm to the system.

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EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE EVACUATION.

GERMANS RETREAT WITH BANDS PLAYING.

LONDON, Nov. 14. Reuters' Correspondent at British Headquarters reports today: The troops are busy preparing for the advance to the Rhine, which is expected to begin within a few days. The German withdrawal generally is proceeding in orderly fashion. Many regiments are marching back with bands playing. A wireless German official message states that Field Marshal von Hindenburg has sent a message to the army announcing that he remains in command with a view to leading the troops home in order and discipline. He expects officers and men to continue to do their duty.

NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN ARMIES.

LONDON, Nov. 13. A wireless French official message informs Germany that the only permissible negotiations between the armies are those dealing with time truces and other humanitarian considerations. The permanent Inter-National Armistice Committee is shortly meeting at Spa to deal with all other questions, regarding which the Allied Armies have been forbidden to engage in *pourparlers*.

STERN WARNING BY MARSHAL FOCH.

LONDON, Nov. 14. A wireless French official message says: Marshal Foch has sent a message to the German High Command stating that German troops in Belgium are committing acts of violence against the inhabitants contrary to the Armistice and if those violations do not cease shortly the Allies will be obliged to take steps to terminate them.

A BRITISH TOMMY'S HEROISM.

GERMANS PROFOUNDLY IMPRESSED.

LONDON, Nov. 14. Reuters' Correspondent at British Headquarters writes: The Germans have widely related the story of the heroism of a Tommy of the Thirty-Fourth Division. The Prussian, after being repeatedly mown down, surrounded a British machine-gun post. A Prussian officer, with a white flag, was amazed to find a solitary British wounded man, who, though promised kind treatment if he surrendered, told the Prussian to retire if he valued his life, as he meant to die with his comrades. The officer retired and the machine-gun was silenced. The Germans were profoundly impressed by this magnificent heroism.

FOOD CONTROL MUST CONTINUE.

WARNING AGAINST AMERICAN MEAT TRUST.

LONDON, Nov. 14. In the House of Commons, in the debate on the Vote of Credit, Mr. J. E. Clynes, the Food Controller, said the control of supplies and prices must continue until more normal times. In conjunction with the United States an Inter-Allied organization had been established to assist the starving enemy. Allies and neutrals had first claim, but victory imposed on us the obligation of supplying the immediate needs of the beaten foe. Mr. Astor, Secretary of the Food Ministry, said the danger from the American Meat Trust was far more serious than realized. It was a danger to all importing countries. It had branches in the Argentine, Australia, and New Zealand and it controlled 50 per cent. of the available importable world's supplies of meat. There was going to be a real meat shortage in Europe, but he believed the Inter-Allied Food Council would be stronger than the Meat Trust and able to dictate to it.

BRITISH POLITICS.

LIBERAL RAPPROCHEMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 14. Mr. Asquith privately addressed his supporters in the House of Commons last evening. It is understood that he dwelt on the necessity for maintaining the unity of the Liberals which was in no way impaired by the Premier's speech of November 12. He said that if the Liberal policy forehanded by the Premier was forthcoming every Liberal could support it. He deprecated the Government running candidates against the Liberals.

A number of speakers urged that Mr. Asquith should be appointed Peace Plenipotentiary.

The conciliatoriness of the speech strengthens the idea in political circles of the possibility of a rapprochement of the two sections of the Liberals before the election of December 14.

SYSTEMATIC PILLAGE BY BULGARIANS.

SERBIA UTTERLY DENuded.

LONDON, Nov. 13. The Serbian Ambassador denounces the systematic and wholesale pillaging of Serbian territory by the Bulgarians since the Armistice. The whole country is a desolation of all livestock and provisions. Everything transportable has been carried off, including sickening quantities of human beings.

AN ORGY OF REJOICING IN LONDON.

LONDON, Nov. 14. There was an orgy of rejoicing in London last evening. Upwards of 100,000 people filled Trafalgar Square, shouting, singing, dancing, waving flags and discharging fireworks. Officers mounted the lions and fired Verry lights. German guns were hauled from the Mall and their wooden wheels thrown on a bonfire. Others were dragged in triumphant procession through the streets. There were similar scenes in all the West End thoroughfares, which were impassable to vehicles. A feature of the demonstrations, in which it is estimated a million people participated, was the absence of drunkenness and the general good humour which prevailed.

UNREST IN SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 13. There is some unrest here and in Barcelona. Stormy scenes occurred in the Spanish Chamber, several Deputies attacking the Monarchy.

THE STRIKES IN SWITZERLAND.

ZURICH, Nov. 13. The Government is holding a conference with the strikers and offers to withdraw the troops if the strike is stopped.

COMMISSIONS IN THE BRITISH ARMY.

A WAR OFFICE NOTIFICATION.

The War Office announces that persons proceeding from abroad to the United Kingdom on their own initiative for purposes of joining the British Army are not entitled to a subsequent refund of their passage money. The only exception at present is in the case of candidates for commissions in technical corps, for example, R.E., R.A.M.C., A.V.C., A.S.C., A.O.C., and Workshop Officers, whose cases will be brought now in line with those for other branches of the service. No refunds will be granted to any who embark on their own initiative after December 15 next, nor in any case will refunds be given to those whose services are not accepted, so that it is most desirable that any candidate should ascertain before starting whether required. After the above mentioned date any candidate desirous of obtaining a commission in such technical corps should apply to the General Officer Commanding at Headquarters, who will forward to the War Office their applications, by telegram if necessary, but confirming and giving fuller particulars by letter. Applications should state age, technical and other qualifications, technical reference in the United Kingdom if possible, also general suitability and degree of medical fitness. If services of the applicant are required by the War Office, passage will be provided in the appropriate grade of accommodation.

SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Amidst the thankfulness and rejoicings over the news of the signing of the Armistice the Society of St. Vincent de Paul appeals in the interests of our Local Poor for support for the forthcoming annual *at fresco* fete. The Society of St. Vincent, we are informed, are preparing a Grand Bazaar this year with a great variety of attractions, to take place on Sunday the 8th December next, from 9 to 11.30 p.m. on behalf of the poor under the Society's care.

RUSSIAN TRADE.

SHANGHAI MARKET 200 PER CENT. OVER U.S.

Why, with the tremendous demand which is so continually emphasized as existing, there is relatively so little business done by Siberian and Russian firms with the Shanghai market is a question frequently asked, says the *China Press*, which adds: Some light may be sprinkled over the problem by the following excerpt from the letter of a business man who is in touch with the northern market and is at present in Vladivostok.

"There is, of course, a tremendous outlet here for all sorts of commodities," he writes, "but price is an important factor, and Shanghai prices at present are positively out of sight. Importers and exporters here have repeatedly told me that they can't touch the stuff on the Shanghai market because prices are out of all comparison with State quotations."

"From a location stated point Shanghai is a most desirable city for trade intercourse with Vladivostok or Harbin, but the merchants here aren't dubs and they can't afford to do business with the fellows down there who are profiteering. Prices shouldn't be asked here, but a competing point, with quotations from America. If they were only slightly higher, it would be because of the time saved in shipping to Vladivostok. But for the time being, and even for the future, the merchants here are justified in their attitude, and it is decidedly more profitable to import from the United States."

THE ARMISTICE.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM THE MACAO GOVERNMENT.

The following telegrams have been exchanged between the Governor of Macao and the Officer Administering the Government in Hongkong:

From the Governor, Macao, November 15th, 1918.

On this historical occasion I beg to congratulate Your Excellency for the good fortune we were favoured with and rejoice at the words of moving kindness addressed to His Excellency the President of the Republic and the Portuguese people by His Majesty King George V. of England. Greeting Your Excellency I beg to greet His Majesty King George V. and the British Nation.

TAMAGNINI.

From the Officer Administering the Government, Hongkong, November 15th, 1918.

I have received Your Excellency's telegram of yesterday, with great pleasure and on behalf of this Colony I thank you for your kind message of greeting on the occasion of the successful Armistice with Germany, which I will communicate through the proper channel to His Majesty the King. Please accept the assurance of my high consideration.

SEVERN.

The text of the telegram sent by His Majesty King George V. to His Excellency the President of Portugal has been cabled to His Excellency the Governor of Macao and re-transmitted to the Consul for Portugal here for general information. It reads as follows:

"London, 11th, 7.15 a.m. I take special pleasure, Mr. President, in addressing myself to you on this auspicious occasion on which the last of our enemies has laid down his arms. The Alliance which has for so long and so closely united the peoples of Portugal and Great Britain was put to the test against all the assaults of the enemy and has emerged triumphant in defence of Liberty and Justice. I wish, Mr. President, to request you to accept my personal felicitations and to transmit to our Portuguese Allies the cordial congratulations of the people of my empire. May the new era, the break of whose dawn we see, bind more closely the ancient ties which unite the people of my empire and that of Portugal and bring to both prosperity and progress."

(Signed) GEORGE V.

SAILORS' NEW UNIFORM.

MEN ENTITLED TO WEAR THE REGULATION DRESS.

Full particulars of the standard uniform for the Mercantile Marine appeared in a recent "London Gazette." Those entitled to wear it are masters of officers holding certificates from the Board of Trade, unqualified junior officers qualifying for their first certificates, and surgeons, purser, wireless operators, cadets and apprentices. All the distinctions in lace and rank stripes are set out, together with descriptions of the uniform. A master will wear four rows of gold lace or black mohair, which may be substituted in all cases.

The cap badge is to be gold naval crown over silver anchor (without cable), the anchor on red oval collar, with gold rope rim, surrounded below and at the sides by gold oak-leaves and acorns. The whole on a backing of navy blue cloth.

The fixing of a standard uniform, remarks a London paper, is probably part of the First Lord's scheme to link up the Mercantile Marine with the Navy. Addressing the Mercantile Marine Association in May last, Sir Roslyn Wemyss said that the association of the two services during the war had been so close that it could never be broken. "It is too much to hope," he said, "that in the future there will be something which will perhaps spread in our Mercantile Marine a little, I do say, all of that organisation and kindly discipline for which every man is the better."

It has also been announced that the King has approved of a special medal being granted to masters, officers and seamen of the Mercantile Marine for services performed in the danger zone during the war. The medal will be issued at the end of the war and clasps will be awarded where conspicuous service has been rendered.

CONCRETE SHIPS IN COLLISION.

Ferro-concrete ships would not be duplicated, it is said, like earthenware vessels if they came into collision. If one ferro-concrete vessel travelling at high speed ran into another vessel of the same class, how on damage would be much less than that which would be done by two steel ships, owing to the greater elasticity possessed by ferro-concrete for the absorption of shock. The only instance on record of a collision of two concrete vessels was that of the *Albatross* and *Albatross* in 1914, when the *Albatross* was damaged but not sunk.

HINDENBURG.

A TYPICAL MODERN HUN.

The foggy of General von Hindenburg would now appear to be closing but there were many excellent reasons why he should have been the idol of Germany. He typified the German war spirit and was a consistent advocate of present day German brutality. A recent visit to the *Washington Post*, who spent several years in Berlin's diplomatic Court, remarking on the personal side says: "No one who ever came in contact with his gentle-like aspect could forget him. To meet von Hindenburg once was an experience to be remembered no less vividly than an encounter with the semi-human brute of the African jungle. I met him not once but often. I was his guest on several occasions and conversed with him. He was a man of a profession, and in the event of a big European war I am convinced that only a man of his type could carry such a war through to a successful conclusion."

A PHOTOGRAPHER OF FINEST QUALITY. The American writer gives his own impressions, fully confirming the remarks of Prince von Bismarck in his conversation. At one of them Hindenburg said: "In the next European war you will see killing on the biggest scale you ever saw before. It will be a war against nations but races—Tenton against Slav—and it will be a war without mercy as we have seen in the Balkans. They have no rules, no code, no conventions in war. Kill your enemy in any way you can, and when you have killed him in sufficient numbers so that he can no longer resist you, you have him—that is the barbarian theory of war and it is the right one."

Hindenburg hated the Russians and declared "I have never met a Russian that I should not take a pleasure in killing. I hate them and if I live to command our armies against them in the next war I shall kill thousands of them—I look forward to killing them with pleasure." The American diplomat adds that the utter barbarism of the German mind is never before he heard a European speak thus in the language of a painted savage.

It was to this writer that Hindenburg revealed that the published census were illusory and showed Germany to be half as strong in man power as she really was. The writer was evidently a military officer attached to the Embassy and was in the German War Office when the news came that England had declared war on Germany. When told the news of the Vliet, he sought to have some fun with England's pocket army, laughing Hindenburg. But he who laughs last laughs best.

MR. HODGE'S REPLY TO HIS CRITIC.

LAST WORD ON PENSIONERS HAS NOT BEEN SAID.

Mr. John Hodge, Minister of Pensions, said lately at the Birmingham Town Hall, that the last word had not been said on the subject of soldiers' pensions. The statement was made in reply to interruptions raised by several discharged soldiers at the inter-Allied exhibition showing the treatment and training of disabled soldiers and sailors. Mr. Hodge remarked that he had never stated that the men were receiving the amount to which they were entitled. "I disabled men had any idea as to what the pensions should be, or how they could be better administered, they should discuss the matter in open meeting and make their representations direct, either to the Prime Minister or to the Pensions Minister. (A voice: Without any answer.)"

Mr. Hodge: That is not a true statement. No man ever sends me a letter that does not receive a reply. I appeal to disabled men as to whether I have ever neglected a complaint that they have sent to me.

When he became Pensions Minister, he proceeded, thousands of complaints were received every day; but now there was a note a hundred, because the machinery had been so much improved during the last year. They were always running, but the human machine was frail, and that people who did not make mistakes were dead. (Laughter.)

In the early days of the war there were probably 15,000 men waiting for the last word. They were always running, but the human machine was frail, and that people who did not make mistakes were dead. (Laughter.)

THE DECIMAL COINAGE BILL.

Now that the Decimal Coinage Bill has been introduced into the House of Lords and a commission is considering the advisability of adopting the system, it is interesting to read in *Savane Survivals*, by J. Howard Moore, that "counting in tens" is one of man's vestigial customs—that is, a survival of the time when man's ready reckoner consisted of his ten fingers. Many of our instinctive actions are survivals of primitive days. Why does a man swing his arm out when he is counting? The fact that we naturally swing each arm in unison with the leg on the opposite side of the body supports this theory.

The total output of the Kailash Mining Administration for the week ending 2nd November amounted to 63,728 tons and the sales during the period to 48,894 tons.

INDIGESTION AND BILIOUSNESS.

Indigestion and biliousness are common ailments, and are often caused by the use of indigestible food. It is important to eat food that is easy to digest, and to avoid rich, fatty, and spicy dishes. Regular exercise and a healthy diet are essential for the prevention of these ailments.

QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLEWORK GUILD.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

REPORT FOR OCTOBER.

CITY HALL WORK PARTY (under Mrs. Lamont for Mrs. Stubby)—12 cases were packed for transmission to Vladivostok, containing—48 mosquito nets, 50 sheets, 113 pillow cases, 780 handkerchiefs, 280 shirts, 225 vests, 101 dressing gowns, 48 pairs of slippers, 10 pairs of bedboots, 30 shrods, 30 table covers, 14 small bags, 43 triangular bandages, 8 head bandages, 14 eye bandages, 31 pairs of operation stockings, 60 mops, 12 food covers, 6 pneumonia jackets, 109 milk covers, 83 scrubbers, 17 reversible jackets, 16 small pillows, 510 pairs of socks, 180 pairs of knee caps, 18 helmets, 18 caps, 18 pairs of surgical caps, 330 pairs of socks, 34 pairs of knee caps, 38 caps and helmets, 8 stretch sweaters and 8 mufflers.

CATHOLIC WOMEN'S LEAGUE (under Miss Louisa)—13 pairs of socks, 5 pairs of socks, 3 mufflers, 1 sleeveless sweater, 1 pair of knee caps, 7 helmets, 14 knitted scrubbers, 34 doz. knitted handkerchiefs, 10 doz. food covers, 39 doz. gauze swabs and 72 doz. rolled bandages.

WESLEYAN WORKING PARTY (under Mrs. Mitchell)—80 shirts, 22 mufflers, 28 pairs of socks, 61 doz. handkerchiefs, 24 scrubbers, 634 rolled bandages, 100 pairs of knee caps, 100 pairs of surgical caps, 7 mittens and 33 swabs.

PEAK CLUB (under Mrs. Sutherland)—532 rolled bandages, 98 many-tailed bandages, 96 shell swabs, 72 gauze swabs and 5 pneumonia jackets.

HELENA MAY INSTITUTE (under Mrs. Jordan)—634 rolled bandages, 6 triangular bandages, 11 pairs of knee caps, 2 pairs of surgical stockings, 7 scrubbers and 27 swabs.

U.S.R.C. (under Mrs. Keigwin)—710 rolled bandages, 8 eye bandages, 18 shell swabs, 13 pairs of knee caps, 5 pairs of socks, 4 mufflers, 1 balaclava helmet, 2 pairs of wristlets and 3 scrubbers.

(Sgd.) ALICE D. HICKLING.

DR. MUEHLON AND FREE TRADE.

Dr. Muehlon, the ex-director of Krupp's, in his diary published by Cassells, and now attracting wide attention because of the frankness of the writer's criticisms and the obvious sincerity of his views, makes several references to Free Trade as a factor in promoting international peace and good will. He says:

"There is another method to be borne in mind by anybody who is considering how to bring about peace and good will to Europe. This method is the removal of the barriers erected by tariffs. These barriers cause division where there would be a natural desire for union."

Once let these barriers be removed, and the consequent dislocation to the industries of certain branches of manufacture will soon be overcome, for adaptation will be quickly effected and every country will find new industries to take the place of those which it has lost. The important point is that all countries should abolish their tariffs, and that no State should stand out. With the abolition of the tariff barriers the fraternisation of Europe—the United States of Europe, will begin, the nations will start on the upward path of truth and mutual confidence will emerge. Free Trade guarantees the uninterrupted progress of civilisation."

ALLEGED NEW TRANS-PACIFIC LINE.

The "Shanghai Mercury" says: With reference to reports published by some Chinese papers and reproduced from their columns in some foreign journals alleging that certain overseas Chinese, having formed a new steamship company *ad hoc* with a view to running steamers between Pacific ports, are about to charter vessels from the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company for this purpose, we are in a position to state there is no truth in the report so far, at all events, as the China Merchants Co. is concerned.

Since the great war began the China-Siam Steam Navigation Company chartered the C.M. liners "Kunming," "Hainan," and "Hainan" to run between Bangkok, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Rangoon and various ports of Java and Sumatra, whilst some other Chinese merchants chartered the "Yulin," "Hainan," "Kwong" and "Chiyun" for trading purposes on the same routes as those maintained by the China-Siam S.N. Co.

No negotiations have been entered into by overseas Chinese with the China Merchants Co. with a view to running vessels of their fleet across the Pacific. In point of fact the C.M. liners are not suited for the trans-Pacific trade, being too small for that purpose, so there is, we are assured, no likelihood of their vessels visiting the ports of the Pacific either now or in the near future.

Apparently the native Press has been misled by rumour to the effect that some wealthy Chinese from the Straits and Java are desirous to charter or build steamers for the trans-Pacific trade and that representatives of a wealthy overseas Chinese syndicate were lately for that purpose visiting others who were in the Straits.

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1918.

PRICE OF ISSUE FRS. 70.80.

Bearing interest from the 16th October 1918, payable quarterly.

FREE OF TAXES. Not to be redeemed for 25 years.

Subscription list will be closed on the 20th November 1918.

Bills and Bonds of the National Defence bought before October 29th are accepted in Payment.

Applications will be received by:

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE (FRENCH BANK) PRINCES BUILDING, CHATER ROAD.

Where full particulars may be obtained.

Hongkong, 19th October, 1918.

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1918.

(RENTE PERPETUELLE 4%).

PRICE OF ISSUE FRS. 70.80 yielding a net income of 5.65%. Bearing interest from the 16th October, 1918.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL BE OPENED on the 20th October, 1918, and closed on the 20th November, 1918.

Further particulars on application to the:

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE, 5, Chater Road.

M. ROUET DE JOURNEL, Manager.

Phone 977 & 2589

CARS on HIRE.

Experienced Chauffeurs and Expert Mechanics.

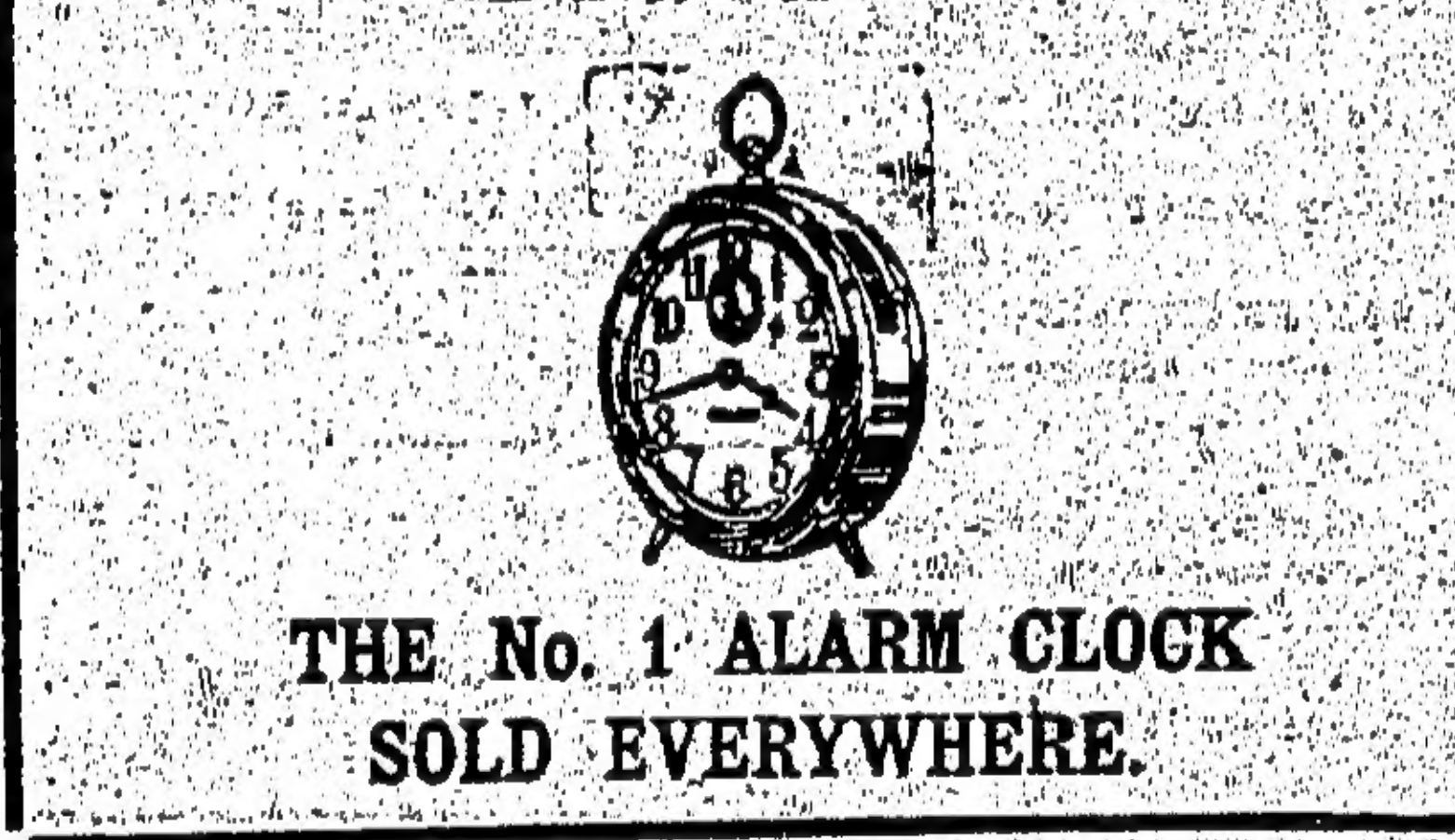
A Large Number of New and Comfortable Cars Always in Readiness.

MERCURY GARAGE CO., 59-61 Des Vaux Road Central.

Arrangements for Special Occasions.

BIG BEN.

THE No. 1 ALARM CLOCK SOLD EVERYWHERE.



A handy lad with a hammer can do it well! But we employ men who are experts to demonstrate the best way to use.

"MALTHOID"

These men have learned from experience and will give you the benefit of their experience.

FREE! It will make a great difference in your roof!

CHAPMAN, "MALTHOID", WATERPROOF, NEWSPROOF.

Agents, HEADLEY & Co. Ltd., Hongkong.

HONGKONG THEATRE PROGRAMME.

TO-NIGHT! THE MYSTERY SHIP.

THE MYSTERY SHIP.

THE MYSTERY SHIP.

THE MYSTERY SHIP.

THE MYSTERY SHIP.

THE MYSTERY SHIP.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT
TO
MARSEILLES AND LONDON.
Taking Passengers and Cargo to
STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo	Due Marseilles	Due London

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.
On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND
YOKOHAMA.

S. S.	Leave Hongkong About

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS (Non-Transitment).
IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS,
WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR
MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO, AND PORT SAID.
CARRYING 1st and 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.
PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS	Leave Hongkong about	Leave Suez about	Due at Marseilles, if calling about	Due London about

THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Company's Surveyors. Messrs Godard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.
For Further Information, Passage Fare, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailings, etc., apply to.

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMERS & DEPARTURES	SAILING DATE
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Yokohama Maru, 13,340 tons SUN, 17th Nov., 11 a.m.	
Yokohama	Tamab Maru, 15,610 tons SAT, 7th Dec., 11 a.m.	
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Nikko Maru, 9,900 tons SAT, 14th Dec., 11 a.m.	
Shanghai, Moji & Kobe	Tensho Maru, 7,000 tons TUE, 19th Nov.	
	Tama Maru, 7,000 tons SAT, 23rd Nov.	

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"THE GANG" AND THE
SPOILS

SOME POST-WAR PERILS.

[By T. P. O'Connell, M.P.]

Working-men hold their big conference; they display a well justified confidence in the transformation of the world after the war, with the gospel universally accepted of equal opportunity, fairer distribution of wealth, and the reign of peace; our soldier boys, at the battle-front, under the shells, dream waking and at night of the happier country they are facing death to create; the workers of all the earth are full of these delicious visions. But meantime, the Reactionary, seated in his old citadels, looks down as complacently as though he belonged to the Olympian Gods that snatched at the efforts and the pains of mankind; For the Gang, unteachable and untaught, thinks itself on top; and never was more insolent, more self-confident, more assured of its future, than it is today.

Look where you will; you trace the footsteps of this Gang Triumphant! A General Election is mentioned; and at once the Gang-Triumphant comes forward with the insolent demand that, if such an appeal to the people be made, it is they who must dictate the policy; it is their principles by the adoption of which, again, a Liberal Prime Minister must purchase their support. Look at the organs of the Gang; did one, even in the days of reaction before the people had any voice or vote, find demands so arrogant, so preposterous, so out of all rhythm with the spirit of the times?

What, Mr. Lloyd George asked to pay in return for the support of the Gang? He must adopt Protection and drop Free Trade; he must abandon the cause of Home Rule for Ireland. One would think that this was a sufficiently large diet of revering to put before a great Liberal leader. Finally, to this long menu of proposed betrayals and desertions there is added, by way of home-broth in this anguished world, the abandonment of the claim of his own people for religious equality. It is easy to guess what Mr. Lloyd George feels about such a demand; I agree with those who say that a more audacious insult was never offered to a public man.

Look at this new gospel of Protection from the point of view of the future of peace. It starts building around this country and, of course, around every country in the world, a tariff wall. Now anybody who has ever studied the history of tariffs will realise that if there be anything in the world which is more productive than another of the friction from which war ultimately springs, it is tariffs. If we enclose our country by tariffs it is not the end of war, but the perpetuation of war. And how are we to reconcile this system of tariffs with the maintenance of those good relations

between England and America, which is the first necessity of really standing the war?

Of all the things that struck me in America during my recent tour, nothing produced so profound an effect on my mind as the revolutionary transformation of the country in the years since Mr. Wilson came to supremacy. Time after time I had returned from America after previous visits with the horrible feeling that there were materials, there for one of the most violent revolutions that the world ever saw. There was more nationalism and class hatred, according to my observation, in that country than in any in the world; and the class antagonism came from the blindest fortitude, and the insolent, ubiquitous, irresistible and ruthless power of the "Big-Business," which the tariff had created. And now I see an American, not free, it is true, from class hatred, but so much freer from it that it seemed to me that I was looking on one of those great, silent revolutions which proceed under the very eyes of the world, and yet so smoothly as almost to be unobserved. And if you want the chief reason of this transformation, you will find it in the gradual reduction—almost entire removal was difficult—of the high tariff system which had produced such gigantic wealth on the one side and such sullen poverty on the other.

Mr. Wilson has already indicated, in language which cannot be misunderstood, his view with regard to all these trade combinations which the Gang in this country is now incessantly demanding. In that great man we have a Liberal who believes in his Liberalism; who cannot be lured one hair's breadth from the straight path of Liberalism by any temptation of Parliamentary maneuvering; and when our feather-headed Protectionists come with their programme of tariff walls, they will find in the present occupants of the White House a pretty formidable lion in the path.

It is time that the Liberals of the country should be roused to this peril at their gates. They do not know it; few people realise it; but what Ministers change, the Gang always remains in power. Living in the cloistered security of the public official, with automatic promotion and automatic pension and hidden hands, these gentlemen are able still to control many of our public departments. But in the meantime eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.

MR. BARNES' TRADE PLAN.

INDUSTRIES TO BE RUN UNDER
SCIENTIFIC CONDITIONS.

In a reference to Free Trade and tariff recently at Glasgow, Mr. G. N. Barnes, M.P., Labour member of the War Cabinet, advocated running industries on a new plan.

There was, he said, in the Whitley Report and recommendations the germ of a great idea. He would run industries for the purpose of producing the greatest possible amount of goods under the most scientific conditions of labour, in order to get the largest possible wages and best conditions of life in those industries. What was working people going to do, he asked, as safeguard and to maintain the high standard of living that had come to most of them while the war was on? He had his own distinctive view, but he was sorry to say that most of the Labour people were longing for differences about the war instead of mending the differences that existed between Labour people and democratic people generally.

Some people said "Maintain Free Trade," but he did not believe that either Free Trade or tariff would help us in a great crisis. He would help us in a great crisis by the purpose of producing the greatest possible amount of goods under the most scientific conditions of labour, in order to get the largest possible wages and best conditions of life in those industries.

What was working people going to do, he asked, as safeguard and to maintain the high standard of living that had come to most of them while the war was on? He had his own distinctive view, but he was sorry to say that most of the Labour people were longing for differences about the war instead of mending the differences that existed between Labour people and democratic people generally.

Mr. Barnes said that Labour had gained by association with a Coalition Government. In reply to a question he expressed the hope that national factories would not be allowed to revert to private owners; they should be retained for the nation to lessen the national debt.

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